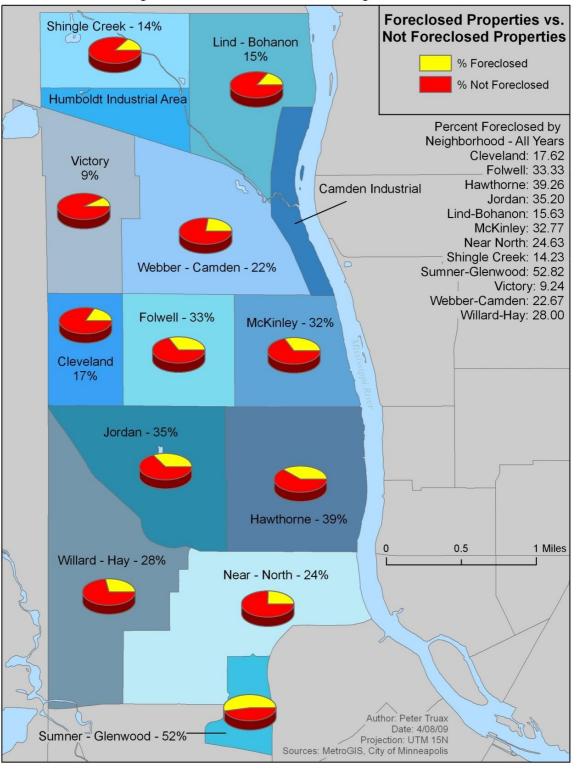
3) Foreclosure Trends

Comparisons between **Economic Factors and Foreclosures**



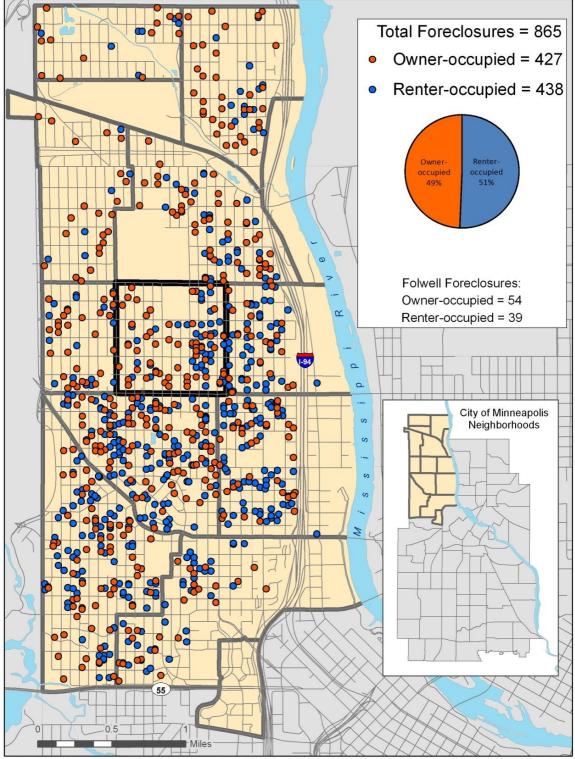
Photo by Chloe Mirzayi

Foreclosed Properties in North Minneapolis 2002, 2005-2008



The highest rates of foreclosures occur in the center of North Minneapolis with the lowest rates in the northernmost neighborhoods

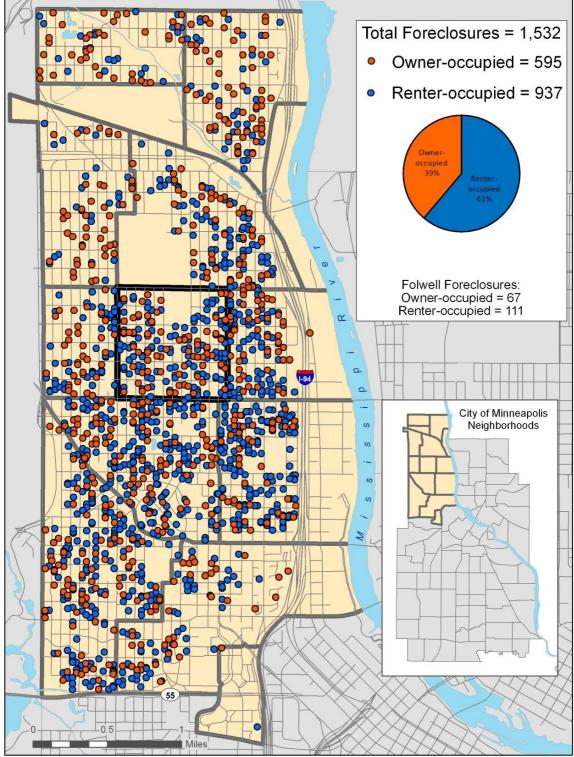
Foreclosures in North Minneapolis, 2006



Charlie Edelman 16 April 2009 Data Sources: MetroGIS; Hennepin County Sheriff's Office Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 15

The trend of owner-occupied versus renter-occupied foreclosures follows a 50/50 ratio through 2006

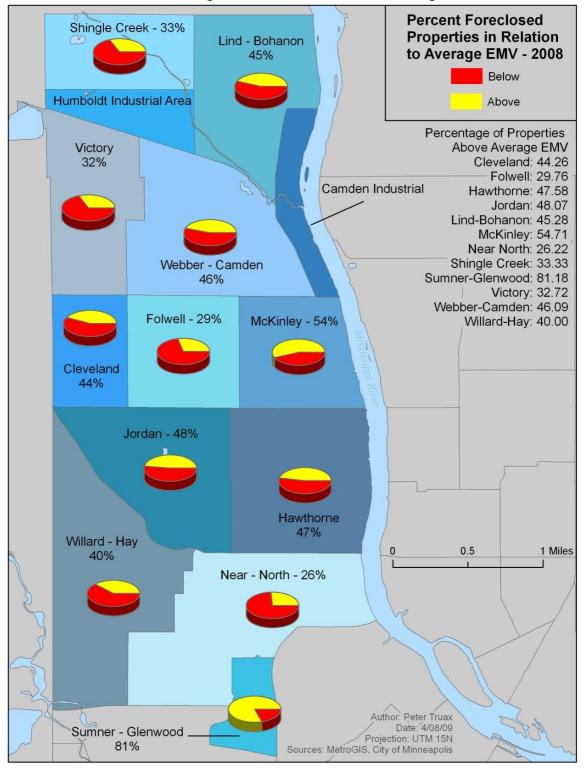
Foreclosures in North Minneapolis, 2007



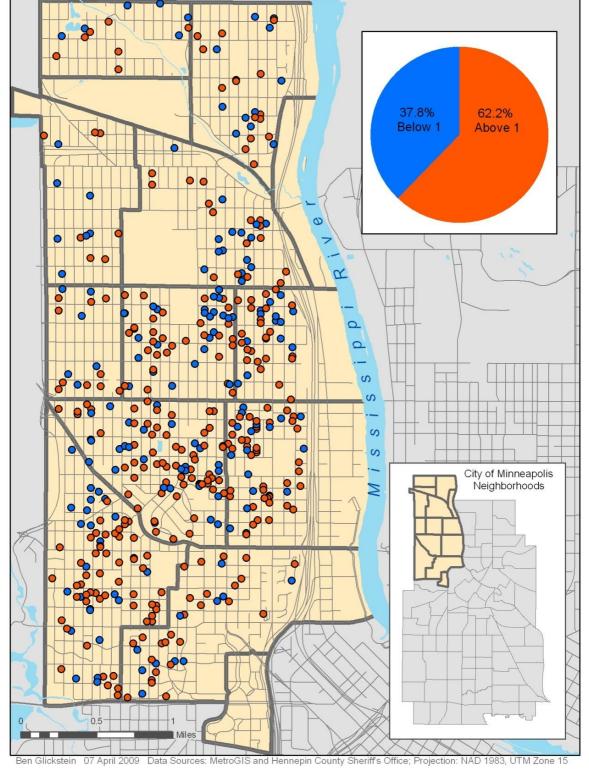
Charlie Edelman 16 April 2009 Data Sources: MetroGIS; Hennepin County Sheriff's Office Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 15

In 2007, the trend changes as the percentage of renter-occupied foreclosures overtakes owneroccupied foreclosures in a 60/40 ratio

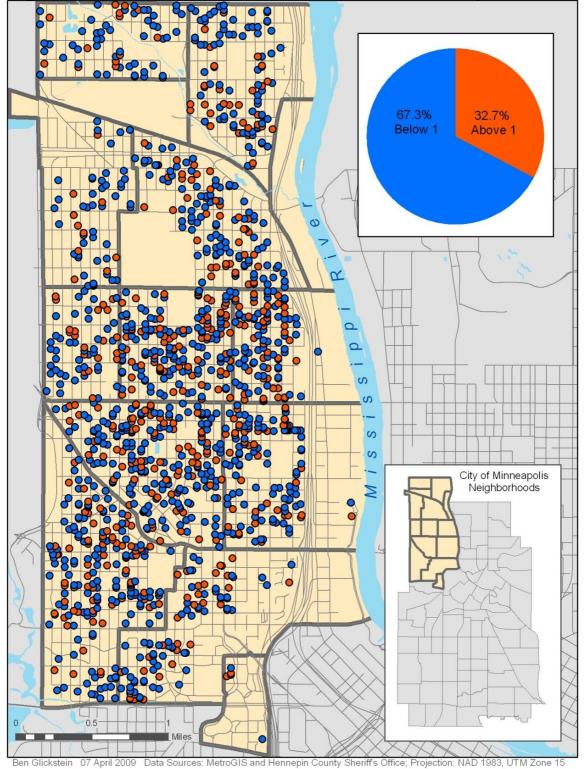
Foreclosed Properties in North Minneapolis 2008



In comparing foreclosed properties to the average neighborhood estimated market value, no trend appeared from 2005 to 2008 Judgment to Value Ratio in North Minneapolis, 2005



The ratio shown represents the bid on the property at foreclosure divided by the estimated market value Judgment to Value Ratio in North Minneapolis, 2008



Between 2005 and 2008, the ratio consistently shifted towards properties where more money was owed than the value of the property

Top Lender Foreclosure Rates in North Minneapolis 2004-2006

Lender	Foreclosures	Mortgages	Rate	Current Status
Long Beach Mortgage Co.	26	114	23%	Closed
BNC Mortgage	74	482	15%	Closed
Mila, Inc.	14	105	13%	Closed
Argent Mortgage Company LLC	101	806	13%	Purchased
Fremont Investment & Loan	61	676	9%	Purchased
Lehman Brothers Bank	34	388	9%	Bankrupt
Decision One Mortgage	22	261	8%	Closed
Accredited Home Lenders, Inc	10	122	8%	Purchased
Aames Funding Corporation	11	146	8%	Purchased
Option One Mortgage Corp	14	191	7 %	Purchased
Town & Country Credit Corp	13	187	7 %	Closed
Aegis Funding Corporation	12	176	7 %	Bankrupt

Compiled by Chloe Mirzayi; 08 April 2009; Data Source: HMDA; Methodology: Total number of foreclosures by lender was divided by total number of mortgages by lender and converted into a percentage. Data were only available for lenders who had authorized more than 100 mortgages in the area. The top 12 rates were included in this chart.

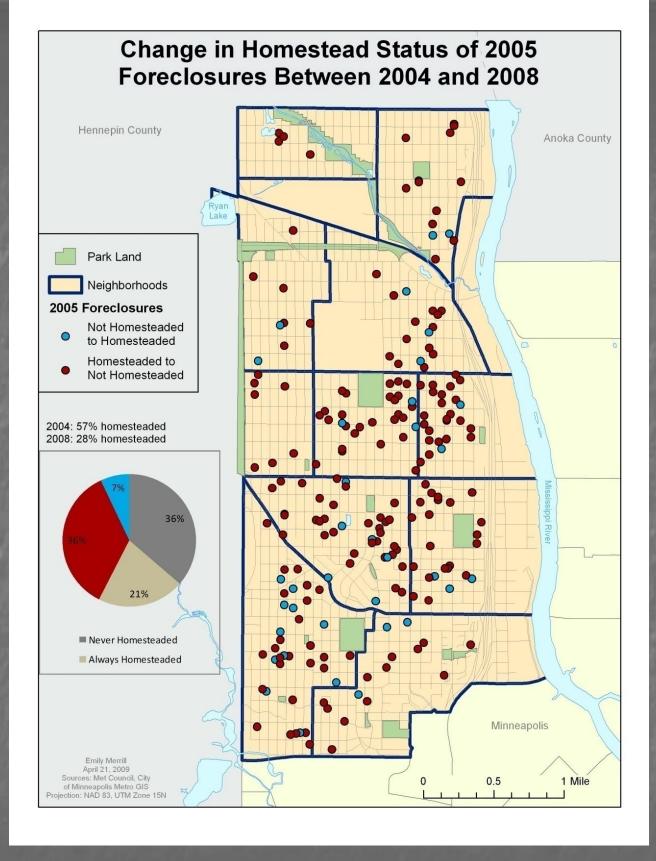
 Lenders with the highest foreclosure rates were the most likely to close

4) Post-Foreclosure and Vacancy Trends

How have Foreclosures Impacted the Landscape of North Minneapolis?

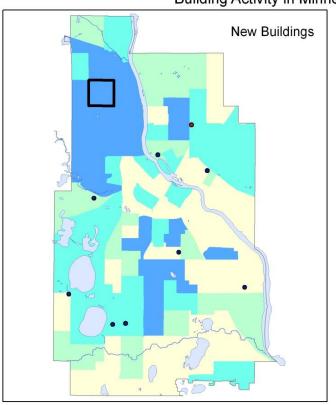


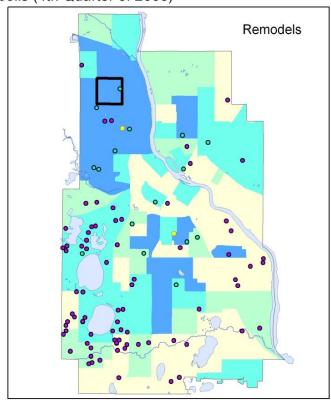
Photo by Chloe Mirzayi



 Three years post-foreclosure, homes are less likely to be owner-occupied

Building Activity in Minneapolis (4th Quarter of 2008)





Residential Vacancies: 6-12 months

0% - 0.5%

0.51% - 0.7%

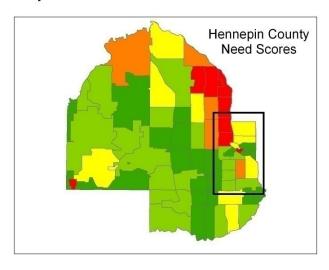
0.71% - 1.6%

1.61% - 6.6%

- · Remodel: Multifamily Residential
- Remodel: Single Family Residential
- Remodel: Residential conversion to other use
- New Building: Multifamily Residential
 - New Building: Single Family Residential
- Folwell Neighborhood

 Very little construction activity is occurring in high vacancy areas

MHFA* Indentified High-Need Zipcodes for NSP Funds





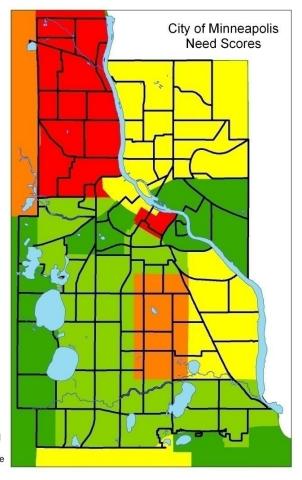
*Minnesota Housing Finance Agency Need Scores for Federal Neighborhood Stabilization Funds are calculated through a formula using the following indicators of need:

Areas with the greatest percentage of home foreclosures;

2) Areas with the highest percentage of homes financed by a subprime mortgage related loan; and

by a subplime mortgage leated roan, and 3)Areas identified as likely to face a significant rise in the rate of home foreclosures.

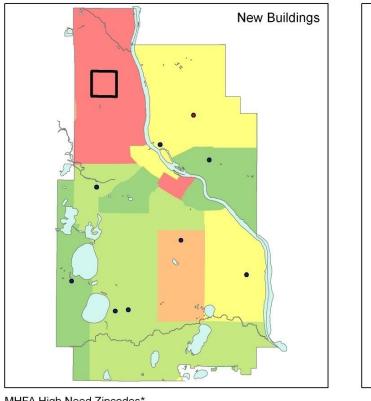
A score of 100% means that zipcode has a rate of housing problems equal to the state average

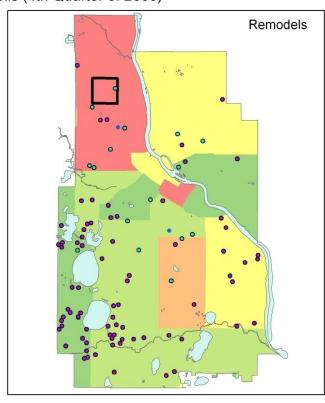


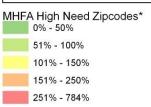
Cartography by Megan Macpherson, April 2009. Data Souces: MN Housing, Metropolitan Council

 This map indicates where federal funds will be directed to encourage rehabilitation of foreclosed homes

Building Activity in Minneapolis (4th Quarter of 2008)



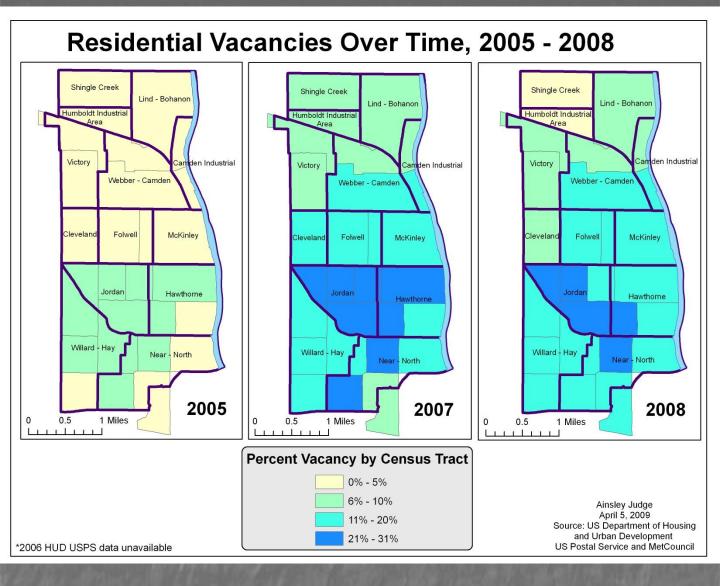




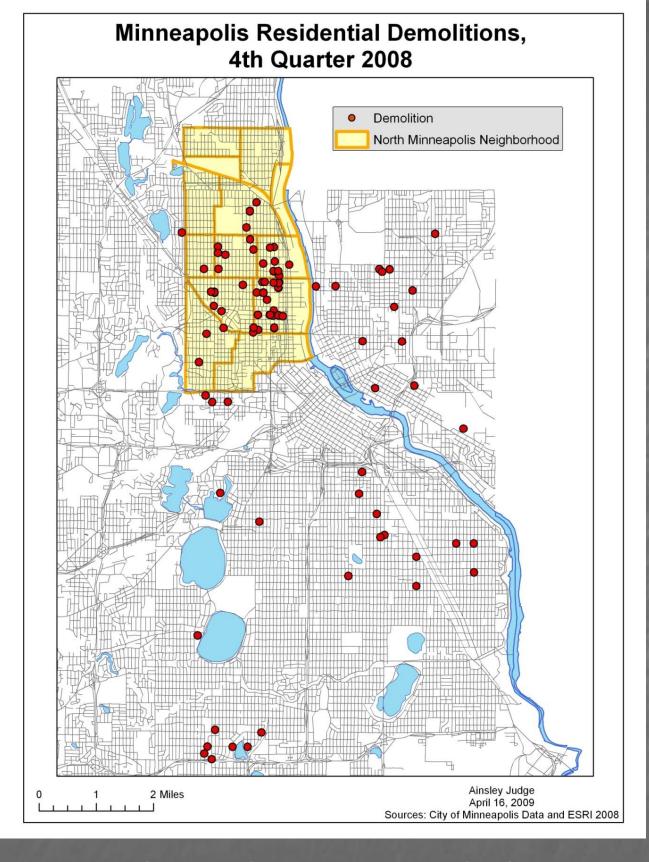
- New Building: Single Family Residential
- New Building: Multifamily Residential
- Remodel: Multifamily Residential
- Remodel: Single Family Residential
- Remodel: Residential conversion to other use
- Folwell Neighborhood

*As determined by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency according to the number of high-risk loans, density of foreclosures and risk of future foreclosures. Cartography by Megan Macpherson, 2009. Data Sources: City of Minneapolis, MHFA

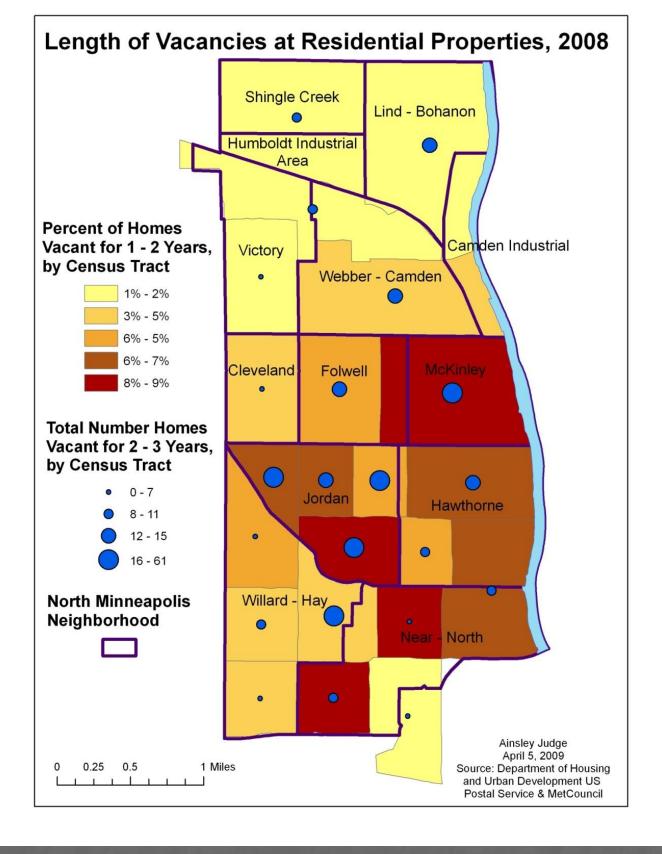
Current patterns of construction are not in MHFA high-need areas



 Vacancies have increased from 2005 to 2008, particularly in the Jordan and Hawthorne neighborhoods

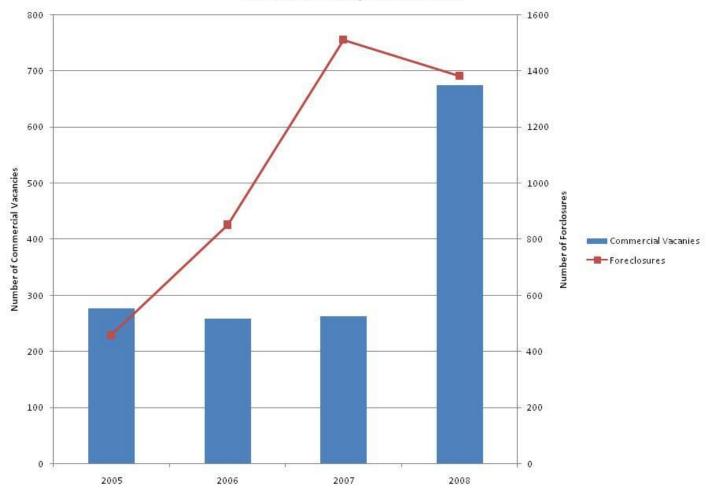


Residential demolitions are highly concentrated in North Minneapolis



 More residential properties have been vacant for 1 – 3 years in the McKinley, Jordan, and Hawthorne neighborhoods

Commercial Vacancy and Foreclosure



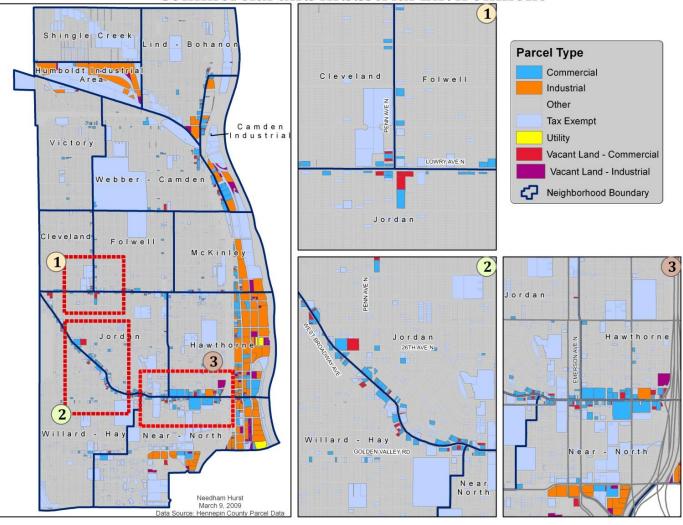
Data Sources: Hennepin Co. Parcel Data, Sheriff's Office

Commercial vacancies have increased by over 250% from 2007 to 2008

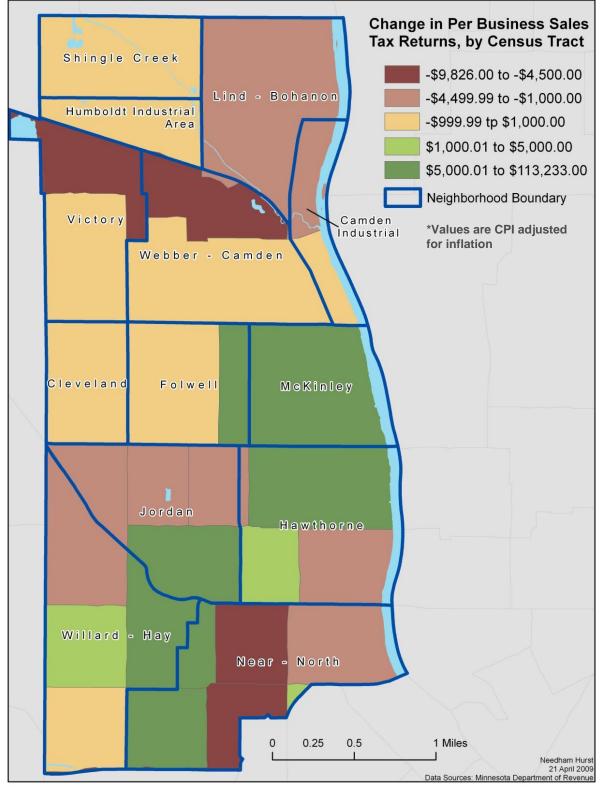


Photo by Chloe Mirzayi

Commercial and Industrial Environment



 Commercial vacancies are concentrated along the main economic corridor, West Broadway Change in Sales Tax Returns, 2004 to 2006



 Sales tax returns show mixed growth in North Minneapolis businesses between 2004 and 2006

Conclusions: Impact of Foreclosures

- Foreclosed homes are converting from homesteaded to renteroccupied
- North Minneapolis experienced a low rate of construction compared to evaluated need
- More demolitions have occurred in neighborhoods with high rates of residential vacancies
- Commercial vacancies increased dramatically from 2007 to 2008, most notably along West Broadway

Conclusions: Changing Conditions

- Movement from owneroccupied to rental housing units
- Post-foreclosure conversions
- Increased proportion of foreclosures on rental units
- Non-local landlords
- Increasing residential and commercial vacancy rates

Reflections and Recommendations

- Focus on sustaining neighborhood homeownership rates?
- Regulation of non-local landlords
- Expanded approaches to dealing with vacant properties
- Addressing relative geographic disadvantages
- Community data access and quality

- Special thanks to:
 - Roberta Englund
 - Bonnie Moore
 - Vann Ek
 - Chris Morris

 Report will be available at: http://www.macalester.edu/ geography/faculty/smithl/courses//geog365/index.html